Q. Provide all reports and supporting documentation related to implementation of a demand and energy charge pricing structure for the wholesale power rate for Newfoundland Power as referenced in Mr. D.W. Osmond's Prefiled Testimony (page 9, lines 24 - 31). Explain why a demand charge is appropriate for Industrial Customers, but not Newfoundland Power. Α. Please see response to IC-205.1. The primary difference between Newfoundland Power and Industrial

The primary difference between Newfoundland Power and Industrial customers relates to the level of control each has on the demand each places on the system. Industrial customers are indeed the final customers and can therefore control the loads they place on the system. Newfoundland Power is the distributor of electricity to ultimate consumers and cannot therefore exercise the same level of control over the load level.

Another significant difference is in the management of Newfoundland Power's generation facilities. Presently, Hydro gives direction to Newfoundland Power on operating its generating plants for system peak load purposes to optimize the generation that is on-line. Newfoundland Power normally operates its hydro plants to produce energy as efficiently as possible and does not use its thermal generation for peaking purposes unless requested by Hydro. This will result in some of Newfoundland Power's plants not being on-line at the time of its peak. Having a demand charge may result in less optimal use of the resources as Newfoundland Power may place all of its generation on at the time of their peak to reduce their demand cost. There may be several near peaks when this could occur or they could decide to keep some hydro plants off at non-peak times to ensure they had

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1	capacity available for potential peak times when they occur. In either case
2	the operation of the system will become less efficient resulting in higher
3	costs. Therefore, the objective of ensuring the most efficient use of hydraulic
4	resources would be negatively impacted by the implementation of a demand
5	charge in Newfoundland Power's rate structure.

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